EXHIBIT C

Case 4:19-cv-04970 Document 1-3 Filed on 12/20/19 in TXSD Page 2 of 30 11/18/2019 4:14 PM

Marilyn Burgess - District Clerk Harris County

Envelope No. 38591636 By: Joshua Carroll Filed: 11/18/2019 4:14 PM

CAUSE NO	·	
ROBERT SMITH,	§	IN THE JUDICIAL COURT OF
Plaintiff,	§ §	
V.	§ 8	4
	3 § 3 MADV S	HARRIS COUNTY, TEXAS
ALLSTATE TEXAS LLOYD'S ANI CURTIS HENDON II,	S MARK §	
	§ §	
Defendants.	§	DISTRICT COURT
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PLAINTIFF'S ORIGINAL PETITION, JURY DEMAND, AND REQUEST FOR DISCLOSURE

TO THE HONORABLE JUDGE OF SAID COURT

CATTOR NEO

COMES NOW, Robert Smith, ("Plaintiff"), and files Plaintiff's Original Petition, Jury Demand, and Request for Disclosure, complaining of Allstate Texas Lloyd's ("Allstate") and Mark Curtis Hendon II ("Hendon") (or collectively "Defendants") and for cause of action, Plaintiff respectfully shows the following:

DISCOVERY CONTROL PLAN

1. Plaintiff intends to conduct discovery under Level 3, Texas Rules of Civil Procedure 190.4 and 169.

PARTIES

- 2. Plaintiff Robert Smith, resides in Harris County County, Texas.
- Defendant, Allstate Texas Lloyd's, is an insurance company engaged in the business of insurance in the State of Texas. Plaintiff requests service of citation upon Allstate Texas Lloyd's through its registered agent for service: <u>CT Corporation System, 1999 Bryan Street, Suite 900, Dallas, Texas 75201-3136</u>. Plaintiff requests service at this time.
- 4. Defendant Mark Curtis Hendon II is an individual resident of Shenandoah, Texas. Hendon

may be served with citation at the address listed with the Texas Department of Insurance: 742 Thornwood Drive, Shenandoah, Texas 77381-1050. Plaintiff requests service at this time.

JURISDICTION

- 5. The Court has jurisdiction over Allstate because this Defendant engages in the business of insurance in the State of Texas, and the causes of action arise out of Allstate's business activities in the state, including those in Harris County County Texas, with reference to this specific case.
- 6. The Court has jurisdiction over Hendon because this Defendant engages in the business of adjusting insurance claims in the State of Texas, and the causes of action arise out of this Defendant's business activities in the State of Texas, including those in Harris County County, Texas, with reference to this specific case.

VENUE

7. Venue is proper in Harris County, Texas because the insured property is located in Harris County, Texas, and all or a substantial part of the events giving rise to this lawsuit occurred in Harris County, Texas. TEX. CIV. PRAC. & REM. CODE § 15.032.

FACTS

- 8. Plaintiff asserts claims for fraud, breach of contract, violations of sections 541 and 542 of the Texas Insurance Code, and violations of the Texas DTPA.
- 9. Plaintiff owns an Allstate Texas Lloyd's homeowner's insurance policy, number 216827538 ("the Policy"). At all relevant times, Plaintiff owned the insured premises located at 16102 Chasemore Drive, Spring, TX 77379 ("the Property").
- 10. Allstate or its agent sold the Policy, insuring the Property, to Plaintiff. Allstate or its agent

represented to Plaintiff that the Policy included wind and hailstorm coverage for damage to Plaintiff's home. Allstate has refused the full extent of that coverage currently owed to Plaintiff.

- On or about May 9, 2019, the Property sustained extensive damage resulting from a severe storm that passed through the Spring, Texas area.
- 12. In the aftermath of the wind and hailstorm, Plaintiff submitted a claim to Allstate against the Policy for damage to the Property. Allstate assigned claim number 0555680123 to Plaintiff's claim.
- 13. Plaintiff asked Allstate to cover the cost of damage to the Property pursuant to the Policy.
- Damaged areas of the property include, but are not limited to, the roof, vents, flashings, windows, gutters and downspouts.
- 15. Allstate assigned or hired Mark Hendon to adjust the claim.
 - a. Hendon had a vested interest in undervaluing the claims assigned to him by Allstate in order to maintain his employment. Hendon found no damage in his report. When comparing Hendon steport to the report of Plaintiff's Third-Party Adjuster's, there is a sharp disparity in the number of items damaged. This disparity is evidence of fraud on the part of Hendon. The zero valuation of damages that were included in Hendon's report compared to Plaintiff's Third-Party Adjuster's is also evidence of fraud on the part of Hendon.
 - Property to conduct the inspection. Hendon had advanced knowledge of what amount of damages he needed to find in order to either deny the claim or find the claim below the deductible.

- c. Hendon made misrepresentations as to the amount of damage Plaintiff's Property sustained as well as misrepresentations regarding how much it would cost to repair the damage to Plaintiff's Property.
- d. Hendon made further misrepresentations to Plaintiff during his inspection. Hendon used his expertise to fabricate plausible explanations for why visible damage to Plaintiff's Property would not be covered under the policy. Such misrepresentations include damage to the Property owing from wear and tear, damage from a previous claim, and damage of a type not consistent with the type of claim that was made.
- Allstate, through its agents, namely Hendon, conducted a substandard and improper inspection and adjustment of the Property, which yielded grossly inaccurate and unrealistic assessments of the cause, extent, and dollar amount of damage to the Property.
- 17. Hendon found that there was no damage from a covered peril to the roof of the property.
- 18. After application of the policy deductible, Plaintiff was left without adequate recovery to complete proper repairs on Plaintiff's home.
- 19. To date, Plaintiff has received \$0.00 for damage to Plaintiff's Property. The damage to Plaintiff's Property currently estimated at \$123,853.26.
- 20. Since due demand was made on September 16, 2019, Allstate has not communicated that any future settlements or payments would be forthcoming to pay for the entire loss covered under the Policy, nor did it provide any explanation for failing to settle Plaintiff's claim properly.
- As stated above, Defendants failed to assess the claim thoroughly. Based upon Defendants' grossly unreasonable, intentional, and reckless failure to investigate and adjust the claim

- properly, Allstate failed to provide full coverage due under the Policy.
- As a result of Allstate's failure to provide full coverage, along with Allstate's delay tactics to avoid reasonable payment to Plaintiff, Plaintiff has suffered damages.
- Allstate failed to perform its contractual duties to Plaintiff under the terms of the Policy. Specifically, Allstate refused to pay the full proceeds of the Policy, although due demand was made for an amount sufficient to cover repairs to the damaged Property, and all conditions precedent to recover upon the Policy were accomplished by Plaintiff.
- Defendants' misrepresentations, unreasonable delays, and continued denials constitute a breach of the statutory obligations under Chapters 541 and 542 of the Texas Insurance Code. Thus, the breach of the statutory duties constitutes the foundation of a breach of the insurance contract between Allstate and Plaintiff.
- Defendants' conduct constitutes a violation of the Texas Insurance Code, Unfair Settlement Practices. TEX. INS. CODE §541.060(a)(1). Defendants have not attempted to settle Plaintiff's claim in a fair manner, even though Defendants were aware of their liability to Plaintiff under the Policy. Specifically, Defendants have failed to timely pay Plaintiff's coverage due under the Policy.
- Defendants' conduct constitutes a violation of the Texas Insurance Code, Unfair Settlement Practices. TEX INS. CODE §541.060(a)(2)(A). Defendants failed to provide Plaintiff a reasonable explanation for not making the full payment under the terms of the Policy.
- 27. Defendants' conduct constitutes a violation of the Texas Insurance Code, Unfair Settlement Practices. TEX. INS. CODE §541.060(a)(4). Defendants refused to provide full coverage due to Plaintiff under the terms of the Policy. Specifically, Allstate, through its agents, servants, and representatives, namely Hendon, performed an outcome-oriented

- investigation of Plaintiff's claim, which resulted in a biased, unfair, and inequitable evaluation of Plaintiff's losses on the Property.
- 28. Defendants' conduct constitutes a violation of the Texas Insurance Code, Prompt Payment of Claims. TEX. INS. CODE §542.055. Defendants failed to reasonably accept or deny Plaintiff's full claim within the statutorily mandated time after receiving all necessary information.
- 29. Defendants' conduct constitutes a violation of the Texas Insurance Code, Prompt Payment of Claims. TEX. INS. CODE §542.056. Defendants failed to meet their obligations under the Texas Insurance Code regarding timely payment of the claim. Specifically, Defendants have delayed payment of Plaintiff's claim longer than allowed, and Plaintiff has not received full payment for the claim.
- 30. Defendants' wrongful acts and omissions forced Plaintiff to retain the professional services of the attorneys and law firm representing them with respect to these causes of action.

CAUSES OF ACTION AGAINST DEFENDANT ALLSTATE TEXAS LLOYD'S BREACH OF CONTRACT

- 31. All allegations above are incorporated herein.
- 32. Allstate is liable to Plaintiff for intentional violations of the Texas Insurance Code, and intentional breach of the common-law duty of good faith and fair dealing. It follows, then, that the breach of the statutory duties constitutes the foundation of an intentional breach of the insurance contract between Allstate and Plaintiff.

33. Allstate's failure and/or refusal to pay adequate coverage as obligated under the terms of the Policy, and under the laws of the State of Texas, constitutes a breach of the insurance contract with Plaintiff.

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH THE TEXAS INSURANCE CODE: UNFAIR SETTLEMENT PRACTICES

- 34. All allegations above are incorporated herein.
- 35. Allstate's conduct constitutes multiple violations of the Texas insurance Code, Unfair Settlement Practices. TEX. INS. CODE §541.060(a). All violations under this article are actionable by TEX. INS. CODE §541.151.
- Allstate's unfair settlement practice of misrepresenting to Plaintiff material facts relating to coverage constitutes an unfair method of competition and a deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. TEX. INS. CODE \$541.060(a)(1).
- Allstate's unfair settlement practice of failing to attempt in good faith to make a prompt, fair, and equitable settlement of the claim, even though liability under the Policy was reasonably clear, constitutes an unfair method of competition and a deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. TEX. INS. CODE §541.060(a)(2)(A).
- Allstate's unfair settlement practice of failing to provide Plaintiff a prompt and reasonable explanation of the basis in the Policy, in relation to the facts or applicable law, for denial of the claim, constitutes an unfair method of competition and a deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. TEX. INS. CODE §541.060(a)(3).
- 39. Aftstate's unfair settlement practice of failing within a reasonable time to affirm or deny coverage of the claim to Plaintiff constitutes an unfair method of competition and a deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. TEX. INS. CODE §541.060(a)(4).

40. Allstate's unfair settlement practice of refusing to pay Plaintiff's claim without conducting a reasonable investigation constitutes an unfair method of competition and a deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. TEX. INS. CODE §541.060(a)(7).

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH THE TEXAS INSURANCE CODE: THE PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS

- 41. All allegations above are incorporated herein.
- 42. Allstate's conduct constitutes multiple violations of the Texas Insurance Code, Prompt Payment of Claims. All violations made under this article are actionable by TEX. INS. CODE §542.060.
- 43. Allstate's failure to notify Plaintiff in writing of its acceptance or rejection of the full claim within the applicable time constraints constitutes a non-prompt payment in violation of TEX. INS. CODE §542.056.
- 44. Allstate's delay in paying Plaintiff's claim following receipt of all items, statements, and forms reasonably requested and required, for longer than the amount of time provided, constitutes a non-prompt payment of the claim. TEX. INS. CODE §542.058.

BREACH OF THE DUTY OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING

- 45. All allegations above are incorporated herein.
- 46. Allstate's conduct constitutes a breach of the common-law duty of good faith and fair dealing owed to an insured in insurance contracts.
- Allstate's failure to adequately and reasonably investigate and evaluate Plaintiff's claim, although, at that time, Allstate knew or should have known by the exercise of reasonable diligence that liability was reasonably clear, constitutes a breach of the duty of good faith and fair dealing.

DTPA VIOLATIONS

- 48. All allegations above are incorporated herein.
- Act ("DTPA"), TEX. BUS. & COM. CODE 17.41–63. Plaintiff is a consumer of goods and services provided by Allstate pursuant to the DTPA. Plaintiff has met all conditions precedent to bringing this cause of action against Allstate. Specifically, Allstate's violations of the DTPA include, without limitation, the following matters:
 - A. By its acts, omissions, failures, and conduct, Allstate has violated sections 17.46(b)(2), (5), (7), (9), (12), (20) and (24) of the DTPA. Allstate's violations include without limitation, (1) unreasonable delays in the investigation, adjustment, and resolution of Plaintiff's claim, (2) failure to give Plaintiff the benefit of the doubt, and (3) failure to pay for the proper repair of Plaintiff's property when liability has become reasonably clear, which gives Plaintiff the right to recover under section 17.46(b)(2).
 - B. Allstate represented to Plaintiff that the Policy and Allstate's adjusting, and investigative services had characteristics or benefits that they did not possess, which gives Plaintiff the right to recover under section 17.46(b)(5) of the DTPA.
 - C. Allstate also represented to Plaintiff that the Policy and Allstate's adjusting services were of a particular standard, quality, or grade when they were of another, in violation of section 17.46(b)(7) of the DTPA.
 - D. Furthermore, Allstate advertised the Policy and adjusting services with the intent not to sell them as advertised, in violation of section 17.46(b)(9) of the DTPA.

- E. Allstate breached an express warranty that the damages caused by wind and hail would be covered under the Policy. This breach entitles Plaintiff to recover under sections 17.46(b)(12) and (20) and 17.50(a)(2) of the DTPA.
- F. Allstate's actions are unconscionable in that Allstate took advantage of Plaintiff's lack of knowledge, ability, and experience to a grossly unfair degree. Allstate's unconscionable conduct gives Plaintiff a right to relief under section 17.50(a)(3) of the DTPA; and
- G. Allstate's conduct, acts, omissions, and failures, as described in this petition, are unfair practices in the business of insurance in violation of section 17.50(a)(4) of the DTPA.
- 50. Each of the above-described acts, omissions, and failures of Allstate is a producing cause of Plaintiff's damages. All of the above described acts, omissions, and failures were committed "knowingly" and "intentionally," as defined by the Texas Deceptive Trade Practices Act.

FRAUD

- 51. All allegations above are incorporated herein.
- 52. Allstate is liable to Plaintiff for common-law fraud.
- 53. Each and every misrepresentation described above concerned material facts that absent such representations, Plaintiff would not have acted as Plaintiff did, and Allstate knew its representations were false or made recklessly without any knowledge of their truth as a positive assertion.

Allstate made the statements intending that Plaintiff act upon them. Plaintiff then acted in reliance upon the statements, thereby causing Plaintiff to suffer injury constituting common-law fraud.

CAUSES OF ACTION AGAINST DEFENDANT MARK CURTIS HENDON II

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH THE TEXAS INSURANCE CODE? UNFAIR SETTLEMENT PRACTICES

- 55. All allegations above are incorporated herein.
- Hendon's conduct constitutes multiple violations of the Texas Insurance Code, Unfair Claim Settlement Practices Act. TEX. INS. CODE §541-060(a).
- Hendon is individually liable for his unfair and deceptive acts, irrespective of the fact that he was acting on behalf of Allstate, because Hendon is a "person," as defined by TEX.

 INS. CODE §541.002(2).
- Hendon knowingly underestimated the amount of damage to the Property. As such, Hendon failed to adopt and implement reasonable standards for the investigation of the claim arising under the Policy TEX. INS. CODE §542.003(3).
- 59. Furthermore, Hendon did not attempt in good faith to affect a fair, prompt, and equitable settlement of the claim. TEX. INS. CODE §542.003(4).
- 60. Hendon's unfair settlement practice of failing to provide Plaintiff a prompt and reasonable explanation of the basis in the Policy, in relation to the facts or applicable law, for partial denial of the claim, also constitutes an unfair method of competition and an unfair and deceptive act or practice. TEX. INS. CODE §541.060(a)(3).
- 61. Hendon's unfair settlement practice of failing to attempt in good faith to make a prompt, fair, and equitable settlement of the claim, even though liability under the Policy was

reasonably clear, constitutes an unfair method of competition and a deceptive act or practice in the business of insurance. TEX. INS. CODE §541.060(a)(2)(A).

DTPA VIOLATIONS

- 62. All allegations above are incorporated herein.
- Hendon's conduct constitutes multiple violations of the Texas Deceptive Trade Practices Act ("DTPA"), TEX. BUS. & COM. CODE 17.41–63. Plaintiff is a consumer of goods and services provided by Hendon pursuant to the DTPA. Plaintiff has met all conditions precedent to bringing this cause of action against Hendon. Specifically, Hendon's violations of the DTPA include the following matters:
 - A. By this Defendant's acts, omissions, failures, and conduct, Hendon has violated sections 17.46(b)(2), (5), and (7) of the DTPA. Hendon's violations include, (1) failure to give Plaintiff the benefit of the doubt, and (2) failure to write up an estimate reflecting the proper repair of Plaintiff's Property when liability has become reasonably clear, which gives Plaintiff the right to recover under section 17.46(b)(2).
 - B. Hendon represented to Plaintiff that the Policy and his adjusting and investigative services had characteristics or benefits they did not possess, which gives Plaintiff the right to recover under section 17.46(b)(5) of the DTPA.
 - C. Hendon represented to Plaintiff that the Policy and his adjusting services were of a particular standard, quality, or grade when they were of another, in violation of section 17.46(b)(7) of the DTPA.
 - D. Hendon's actions are unconscionable in that Hendon took advantage of Plaintiff's lack of knowledge, ability, and experience to a grossly unfair degree. Hendon's

- unconscionable conduct gives Plaintiff a right to relief under section 17.50(a)(3) of the DTPA; and
- E. Hendon's conduct, acts, omissions, and failures, as described in this petition, are unfair practices in the business of insurance in violation of section 17.50(a)(4) of the DTPA.
- 64. Each of Hendon's above-described acts, omissions, and failures is a producing cause of Plaintiff's damages. All acts, omissions, and failures were committed "knowingly" and "intentionally" by Hendon, as defined by the Texas Deceptive Trade Practices Act. TEX. BUS. & COM. CODE 17.45.

FRAUD

- 65. All allegations above are incorporated herein.
- 66. Allstate assigned or hired Hendon to adjust the claim.
 - a. Hendon had a vested interest in undervaluing the claims assigned to him by Allstate in order to maintain his employment. Hendon found no damage in his report. When comparing Hendon steport to the report of Plaintiff's Third-Party Adjuster's, there is a sharp disparity in the number of items damaged. This disparity is evidence of fraud on the part of Hendon. The zero valuation of damages that were included in Hendon's report compared to Plaintiff's Third-Party Adjuster's is also evidence of fraud on the part of Hendon.
 - Property to conduct the inspection. Hendon had advanced knowledge of what amount of damages he needed to find in order to either deny the claim or find the claim below the deductible.

- c. Hendon made misrepresentations as to the amount of damage Plaintiff's Property sustained as well as misrepresentations regarding how much it would cost to repair the damage to Plaintiff's property.
- d. Hendon made further misrepresentations to Plaintiff during his inspection. Hendon used his expertise to fabricate plausible explanations for why visible damage to Plaintiff's Property would not be covered under the policy. Such misrepresentations include damage to the Property owing from wear and tear damage from a previous claim, and damage of a type not consistent with the type of claim that was made.

NEGLIGENCE

- 67. All allegations above are incorporated herein.
- 68. Hendon was negligent in his actions with regard to his adjusting of Plaintiff's claim and violated the standard of care for an insurance adjuster licensed in the state of Texas. Those failures include one or more of the following acts or omissions:
 - a. Failure to conduct a reasonable inspection;
 - b. Failure to include covered damage that would be discovered as a result of reasonable inspection;
 - c. Failure to identify the proper cause and scope of the damage to Plaintiff's Property;
 - d. Failure to identify the cost of proper repairs to Plaintiff's Property; and
 - e. Failure to communicate to Plaintiff the reasons for specific determinations made regarding the inclusion or exclusion of damage to Plaintiff's Property.
- 69. Hendon's acts and/or omissions constitute negligence. His conduct was therefore a proximate cause of the damages sustained by Plaintiff.
- 70. At all relevant times, Hendon was an agent or employee of Defendant Allstate.

Hendon's unreasonable inspection was performed within the course and scope of his duties with Defendant Allstate. Therefore, Allstate is also liable for the negligence of Hendon through the doctrine of respondeat superior.

GROSS NEGLIGENCE

- 72. All allegations above are incorporated herein.
- 73. Hendon's actions or omissions constitute gross negligence as defined in TEX. CIV. P. & REM. CODE § 41.001 (11)(A) and (B):
 - a. Hendon's actions, when viewed objectively from the standpoint of the actor at the time of their occurrence involves an extreme degree of risk, considering the probability and magnitude of potential harm to Plaintiff; and
 - b. Hendon had actual, subjective awareness of the risk involved but nevertheless proceeded with conscious indifference to the rights, safety, and/or welfare of Plaintiffs.
- Hendon intentionally misrepresented the scope and amount of damages on the estimate prepared for Plaintiffs' Property on behalf of Allstate. His estimate was to such an extreme degree below what another licensed adjuster would have done in this situation (as evidenced by the Third-Party Adjuster's estimate); it was also in complete disregard for the risk and harm Plaintiff would suffer if the actual damages to the Property were allowed to persist unrepaired.

KNOWLEDGE

75. Defendants made each of the acts described above, together and singularly, "knowingly," as defined in the Texas Insurance Code, and each was a producing cause of Plaintiff's damages described herein.

WAIVER AND ESTOPPEL

Defendants waived and are estopped from asserting any coverage defenses, conditions, exclusions, or exceptions to coverage not contained in any reservation of rights letter to Plaintiff.

DAMAGES

- 77. Since the claim was made, Allstate has not properly compensated Plaintiff for all necessary repairs, which are covered under the Policy. This has caused undue hardship and burden to Plaintiff. These damages are a direct result of Defendants' mishandling of Plaintiff's claim in violation of the laws set forth above.
- 78. Defendants made the above and other false representations to Plaintiff, either knowingly or recklessly, as a positive assertion, without knowledge of the truth. Defendants made these false misrepresentations with the intent that Plaintiff act in accordance with the misrepresentations. Plaintiff then reflect on these misrepresentations, including but not limited to those regarding coverage and the cause and scope of damage. Plaintiff suffered damages as a result.
- 79. Plaintiff would show that all of the aforementioned acts, taken together or singularly, constitute the producing causes of damages sustained. The acts, omissions, failures, and conduct of Defendants have caused Plaintiff's damages, which include, without limitation, costs for all necessary repairs required to be made to Plaintiff's Property, and any investigative and engineering fees incurred.
- 80. For breach of contract, Plaintiff is entitled to regain the benefit of Plaintiff's bargain, which is the amount of Plaintiff's claim, consequential damages, together with attorney's fees.
- 81. The damage to Plaintiff's Property is currently estimated at \$123,853.26.

- For noncompliance with the DTPA and Texas Insurance Code, Unfair Settlement Practices, Plaintiff is entitled to actual damages, which include the loss of the benefits owed pursuant to the Policy, court costs, and attorney's fees. For knowing and intentional conduct of the acts described above, Plaintiff asks for three (3) times Plaintiff's actual damages. TEX. INS. CODE §541.152 and TEX. BUS. & COM. CODE 17.50(B)(1).
- 83. For noncompliance with Texas Insurance Code, Prompt Payment of Claims, Plaintiff is entitled to the amount of Plaintiff's claim, plus an eighteen percent (18%) per annum penalty on that claim, as damages, as well as pre-judgment interest and reasonable attorney's fees. TEX. INS. CODE §542.060.
- 84. For breach of the common-law duty of good faith and fair dealing, Plaintiff is entitled to compensatory damages, including all forms of loss resulting from Defendants' breach of duty, such as additional costs, economic hardship, losses due to nonpayment of money Allstate owed, and exemplary damages.
- Defendants' breach of the common-law duty of good faith and fair dealing was committed intentionally, with a conscious indifference to Plaintiff's rights and welfare, and with "malice," as that term is defined in Chapter 41 of the Texas Civil Practices and Remedies Code. These violations are the type of conduct which the State of Texas protects its citizens against by the imposition of exemplary damages. Therefore, Plaintiff seeks the recovery of exemplary damages in an amount determined by the finder of fact sufficient to punish Defendants for their wrongful conduct and to set an example to deter Defendants and others from committing similar acts in the future.

- 86. For fraud, Plaintiff is entitled to recover actual and exemplary damages for knowingly fraudulent and malicious representations, along with attorney's fees, interest, and court costs.
- 87. For the prosecution and collection of this claim, Plaintiff has been compelled to engage the services of the attorneys subscribed to this pleading. Therefore, under Chapter 38 of the Texas Civil Practices and Remedies Code, sections 541 and 542 of the Texas Insurance Code, and section 17.50 of the DTPA, Plaintiff is entitled to recover a sum for the reasonable and necessary services of Plaintiff's attorneys in the preparation and trial of this action, including any appeals to the Court of Appeals and/or the Supreme Court of Texas.
- As required by Rule 47(b) of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff's counsel states that the damages sought are in an amount within the jurisdictional limits of this Court. As required by Rule 47(c)(4) of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, Plaintiff's counsel states that Plaintiff seeks only monetary relief of over \$200,000 but not more than \$1,000,000.00, including damages of any kind, penalties, costs, expenses, pre-judgment interest, and attorney fees. A jury will ultimately determine the monetary relief actually awarded, however. Plaintiff also seeks pre-judgment and post-judgment interest at the highest legal rate.

REQUESTS FOR DISCLOSURE

89. Under Texas Rules of Civil Procedure 190 and 194, Plaintiff requests that Defendants disclose within fifty (50) days from the date this request is served, the information or material described in Rules 190.2(b)(6) and 194.2.

JURY DEMAND

90. Plaintiff hereby requests a jury trial for all causes of action alleged herein, tried before a jury consisting of citizens residing in Harris County County, Texas. Plaintiff hereby tenders the appropriate jury fee.

PRAYER

Plaintiff prays that Defendants, Allstate Texas Lloyd's and Mark Curtis Hendon II, be cited and served to appear, and that upon trial hereof, Plaintiff, Robert Smith, has and recovers from Defendants, Allstate Texas Lloyd's and Mark Curtis Hendon II, such sums as would reasonably and justly compensate Plaintiff in accordance with the rules of law and procedure, as to actual, consequential, and treble damages under the Texas Insurance Code and Texas Deceptive Trade Practices Act, and all punitive, additional, and exemplary damages, as may be found. In addition, Plaintiff requests the award of attorney's fees for the trial and any appeal of this case, for all costs of Court expended on Plaintiff's behalf, for pre-judgment and post-judgment interest as allowed by law; and for any other and further relief, at law or in equity, to which Plaintiff, Robert Smith, may show Plaintiff is justly entitled.

Respectfully submitted,

By: /s/ Chad T. Wilson

CHAD T WILSON LAW FIRM PLLC
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Amanda J. Fulton
Bar No. 24077283
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Telephone: (832) 415-1432
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eservice@cwilsonlaw.com
cwilson@cwilsonlaw.com

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ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

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Case 4:19-cv-04970 Document 1-3 Filed on 12/20/19 in TXSD Matiya Burgess - District Clerk

11/18/2019 4:14:17 PM

Marilyn Burgess -Harris County District Clerk Request for Issuer Co

CASE NUMBER: CURRENT COURT: Name(s) of Documents to be served: Plaintiff's Original Petition, Jury Demand and Request for Disclosure FILE DATE: November 18, 2019 SERVICE TO BE ISSUED ON (Please List Exactly As The Name Appears In The Pleading To Be Served): Issue Service to: Allstate Texas Lloyds Address of Service: 1999 Bryan Street, Suite 900 Dallas, Texas 75201-3136 City, State & Zip: Issue Service to: Mark Hendon Address of Service: 742 Thornwood Drive Shenandoah, Texas 77381-1050 City, State & Zip: Agent (if applicable) TYPE OF SERVICE/PROCESS TO BE ISSUED: (Check the proper Box) **◯** Citation Citation by Posting Citation by Publication Citations Rule 106 Service ☐ Citation Scire Facias Newspaper Temporary Restraining Order Notice Precept Protective Order Capias (not an E-Issuance) Secretary of State Citation (\$12.00) Attachment Certiorari (\$12.00) Highway Commission Commissioner of Insurance (\$12.00) Hague Convention (\$16.00) Garnishment Habeas Corpus **Injunction Sequestration Subpoena** Other (Please Describe) (See additional Forms for Post Judgment Service) SERVICE BY (check one): ATTORNEY PICK-UP (phone) | CONSTABLE MAIL to attorney at: (Note:) CAPIAS is not an E-Issuance Option **◯** CIVIL PROCESS SERVER - Authorized Person to Pick-up: LDM Process Service Phone: (469) 291-5005 **OTHER**, dbullock@cwilsonlaw.com

Bar # or ID: 24079587

Mailing Address: 455 East Medical Center, Suite 555, Webster, Texas 77598

Phone Number: 832-415-1432





MARILYN BURGESS

HARRIS COUNTY DISTRICT CLERK

COPY OF PLEADING PROVIDED BY PLTD.

X

Civil Process Pick-Up Form

CAUSE NUMBER: 201983256

ATY CIV X	COURT 164
REQUESTING ATTORN	NEY/FIRM NOTIFICATION
ATTORNEY: WILSON, CHAD TROY	PH: 832-415-1432
CIVIL PROCESS SERVER: LDM	PH: 469-291-5005
PERSON NOTIFIED SVC READY:	
Town of Coming Dogwoods CUTATION	T1 No1 72607706
Type of Service Document: _CITATION	Tracking Number 73697726
Type of Service Document:	Tracking Number
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Process papers prepared by: J. CARROLL	
Date: 11/19/19	30 days waiting: 12/19/19
Process papers released to: \(\omega_{\tau\!!'\in\!'}\)(PRI	Daws INT NAME)
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RECORDER'S MEMORANDUM This instrument is of poor quality at the time of imaging.

Marilyn Burgess - District Clerk Harris County
. Envelope No. 38812571

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	By: Tiffany Jefferson
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CAUSE NO	201983256	Singuistic Control of the Control of
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PLAINTIFF: SMITH, ROBERT		In The 164th
Vs. DEFENDANT: HENDON II, MARK CURTIS		Judicial District Court of Harris County, Texas
		164TH DISTRICT COURT Houston, TX
CIT	ATION	and the second s
THE STATE OF TEXAS County of Harris		
county of natits		
TO: ALLSTATE TEXAS LLOYDS BY SERVING ITS REGIS	STERED AGENT CT CORE	PORATION
SYSTEM 1999 BRYAN STREET SUITE 900 DALLAS TX	75201 - 3136	<u> </u>
Attached is a copy of PLAINTIFFS ORIGINAL		ND AND REQUEST FOR DISCLOSURE
mbs	2010 40 4	
This instrument was filed on the 18th day of and court. The instrument attached describes		
YOU HAVE BEEN SUED, You may employ an at	tornev. If you or w	our attorney do not file a
written answer with the District Clerk who is next following the expiration of 20 days afte	sued this citation	(10:00 a.m on the Monday
a default judgment may be taken against you.	r you were served to	ats effection and petition,
TO OFFICER SERVING:		
This citation was issued on 19th day of seal of said Court.	November, 2019, und	der my hand and
Issued at request of: WILSON, CHAD TROY	Mail Burger	
Issued at request of:		S, District Clerk
WILSON, CHAD TROY 455 EAST MEDICAL CENTER BLVD	Harris County, 201 Caroline, F	Texas Houston, Texas 77002
455 EAST MEDICAL CENTER BLVD SUITE 555 WEBSTER, TX 77598	(P.O. Box 4651,	Houston, Texas 77210)
181: (032) 413-1432	Generated By: CARRO 50V//11383843	LL, JOSHUA DEMIAS
BRI NU.: 240/9307		
	ORIZED PERSON RETUR	
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2019, by delivering to Author Ton Land by CT compile Type thus k	its revisited ment	_ defendant, in person, a
true copy of this Citation together with the	an Nighower accompanying	copy(ies) of the Petition
attached thereto and I endorsed on said copy		
To certify which I affix my hand officially t	his day of	
FEE: \$ T		
156. 7		
	of	County, Texas
15C 1605C1 163730	Ву	
Afflant	****	Deputy
on this day, John Budard	The known	to me to be the person whose
signature appears on the foregoing return, pe	ersonally appeared.	After being by me duly sworn,
he/she stated that this citation was executed return.	r ny mam/mer in the	ever manual tentred ou the
SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME, on this 2	2 day of Non	10m ho7/1101
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HEATALD L. BCAK	(Through	Notary Public
Notary Public, State of Texas		MOCUTA EUDITG
Comm. Lipires 03-14-2021		

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12/3/2019 1:57 PM Marilyn Burgess - District Clerk Harris County

Envelope No. 38930759 By: Tiffany Jefferson Filed: 12/3/2019 1:57 PM

CAUSE NO. 201983256

COPY OF PLEADING PROVIDED BY PLID.

RECEIPT NO.

0.00 CIV

TR # 73697726 PLAINTIFF: SMITH, ROBERT In The 164th VS. Judicial District Court DEFENDANT: HENDON II, MARK CURTIS of Harris County, Texas 164TH DISTRICT COURT Houston, TX CITATION

THE STATE OF TEXAS County of Harris

TO: HENDON II, MARK CURTIS

742 THORNWOOD DRIVE SHENANDOAH TX 77381 - 1050

Attached is a copy of PLAINTIFFS ORIGINAL PETITION JURY DEMAND AND REQUEST FOR DISCLOSURE

This instrument was filed on the 18th day of November, 2019, in the above cited cause number and court. The instrument attached describes the claim against you.

YOU HAVE BEEN SUED, You may employ an attorney. If you or your attorney do not file a written enswer with the District Clerk who issued this citation by 10:00 a.m on the Monday next following the expiration of 20 days after you were served this citation and petition, a default judgment may be taken against you.

TO OFFICER SERVING:

This citation was issued on 19th day of November, 2019, under my hand and seal of said Court.

Issued at request of: WILSON, CHAD TROY 455 EAST MEDICAL CENTER BLVD SUITE 555

WEBSTER, TX 77598 Tel: (832) 415-1432 Bar No.: 24079587

MARILYN BURGESS, District Clerk Barris County, Texas 201 Caroline, Houston, Texas 77002 (P.O. Box 4651, Houston, Texas 77210)

Generated By: CARROLL, JOSHUA DEMIAS 50V//11383843

OFFICER/AUTHORIZED PERSON RETURN
came to hand at 2/25 o'clock for, on the 20th day of November , 2019.
Executed at (address) 211d Theorem and Al., Shown down TX 2238/ in
Margany County at 8:30 o'clock 1.M., on the 23 day of warmber.
defendant, in person, a
true copy of this Citation together with the accompanying 1 copy(ies) of the Petition
attached thereto and Dendorsed on said copy of the Citation the date of delivery. To certify which Laffix my hand officially this 23 day of
FEE: \$
of Military County, Texas
2V12 PSC 17/04 CC 1/3/12, By
Affiant Deputy
On this day, Willam Ark , known to me to be the person whose signature appears on the foregoing return, personally appeared. After being by me duly sworn, he/she stated that this citation was executed by him/her in the exact manner recited on the
return.
SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME, on this 23 day of November 1919. Notary Public

73697726

PAMELA RENEE HALL Notary Public, State of Texas Comm. Expires 06-16-2021 Notary ID 125359841

Marilyn Burgess - District Clerk Harris County Envelope No. 38965303

By: Lisa Thomas Filed: 12/4/2019 1:58 PM

CAUSE NO. 201983256

ROBERT SMITH,

IN THE DISTRICT COURT

Plaintiff,

V.

164TH JUDICIAL DISTRIGT

ALLSTATE TEXAS LLOYD'S AND MARK CURTIS HENDON II,

Defendant.

HARRIS COUNTY TEXAS

DEFENDANTS' ORIGINAL ANSWER AND REQUEST FOR DISCLOSURE

TO THE HONORABLE JUDGE OF SAID COURT:

COMES NOW ALLSTATE TEXAS LLOYD'S, Detendants in the above styled and numbered cause of action, and in response to the complaints filed against them, would respectfully show unto this Honorable Court and Jury as follows:

I. GENERAL DENIAL

Pursuant to Rule 92 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, Defendant generally denies each and every, all and singular, the allegations contained within Plaintiff's Original Petition, and demand strict proof thereon by a preponderance of the credible evidence in accordance with the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas.

II. SPECIFIC DENIALS

In addition to any Notice required by the applicable insurance policy, Defendant denies that Plaintiff provided the pre-suit Notice required by Chapter 542A.003 of the Texas Insurance Code and Texas Business & Commerce Code § 17.505 (Texas Deceptive Trade Practices Act). Plaintiff's failure to provide the required notice under §542A.003 prior to the filing of this action constitutes a breach of that statute. Because Plaintiff's failed to give the notice required by §542A.003(b)(2) before filing this action, Plaintiffs are not entitled to recover attorneys' fees

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0555680123.1

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incurred after the date this defense was pled.

Plaintiffs' claims are barred, in whole or in part, by policy exclusions and/or limitations which are listed in the policy made the basis of this suit. All or part of Plaintiff's claims are excluded by the applicable insurance policy.

Plaintiffs failed to allege conduct warranting imposition of exemplary or punitive damages under applicable state law. Defendant asserts the limitations and restrictions contained in Chapter 41 of the Texas Civil Practice and Remedies Code.

Defendant hereby gives notice that it intends to rely upon such other defenses as may become available or apparent during the course of discovery and thus reserves its right to amend this answer.

III. REQUEST FOR DISCLOSURE

Pursuant to Texas Rules of Civil Procedure. Defendant requests that Plaintiff disclose within thirty days of service of this request, the information and material described in Rule 194.2(a) through (l). If this case was filed as an Expedited Action under TRCP 47(c)(1) and/or TRCP 190.2, Defendant further requests disclosure of any and all documents, electronic information, and tangible items that you have in your possession, custody or control and which may be used to support your claims or defenses.

IV. JURY DEMAND

Defendant formally requests a jury trial pursuant to Rule 216 of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure and tenders the jury fee.

V. DESIGNATED E-SERVICE EMAIL ADDRESS

The following is the undersigned attorney's designation of electronic service email address for all electronically served documents and notices, filed and unfiled, pursuant to Tex.R.Civ.P. 21(f)(2) & 21(a). (HoustonLegal@allstate.com). This is the undersigned's ONLY electronic

Smith vs. Allstate, et al.
Defendants' Original Answer and Request for Disclosure
0555680123.1

service email address, and service through any other email address will be considered invalid.

VI. PRAYER

WHEREFORE, PREMISES CONSIDERED, Defendants, ALLSTATE TEXAS LLOYD'S, prays that the Plaintiff recover nothing of and from the Defendants by reason of this suit, that Defendants be discharged without delay, with costs of court, and for such other and further relief, both general and special, at law and in equity, to which Defendants may show itself justly entitled, and for which Defendants will in duty bound, forever pray.

Respectfully submitted,

SUSAN LAFLORENCE & ASSOCIATES

MICHAEL MAUS

TBN: 24008803

811 Louisiana St Ste 2400

Houston, TX 77002-1401 HoustonLegal@allstate.com

(713) 336-2842

(877) 684-4165 (fax)

ATTORNEY FOR DEFENDANT ALLSTATE TEXAS LLOYD'S

Smith vs. Allstate, et al. Defendants' Original Answer and Request for Disclosure 0555680123.1

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to Rules 21. and 21a. of the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, I hereby certify that the original of Defendants' Original Answer has been filed with the clerk of the court in writing, and a true and correct copy of Defendants' Original Answer has been delivered to all interested parties on the 4th day of

December, 2019, to:

Chad T. Wilson Amanda J. Fulton CHAD T WILSON LAW FIRM PLLC 455 East Medical Center Blvd., Suite 555 Webster, Texas 77598 eservice@cwilsonlaw.com

ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

VIA E-SERVE

MICHAEL MAUS